**Wireless Temperature and Humidity Sensor** 

## **Wireless Temperature and Humidity Sensor**

# R718AB User Manual

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## **1. Introduction**

R718AB, mainly used to detect the temperature and humidity. It collects data over LoRa network and sends it to devices to be shown, fully compatible with LoRa protocol.

#### LoRa Wireless Technology

LoRa is a wireless communication technology dedicated to long distance and low power consumption. Compared with other communication methods, LoRa spread spectrum modulation method greatly increases to expand the communication distance. Widely used in long-distance, low-data wireless communications. For example, automatic meter reading, building automation equipment, wireless security systems, industrial monitoring. Main features include small size, low power consumption, transmission distance, anti-interference ability and so on.

#### LoRaWAN

LoRaWAN uses LoRa technology to define end-to-end standard specifications to ensure interoperability between devices and gateways from different manufacturers.

## 2. Appearance



## 3. Features

- Detect the ambient temperature and humidity
- Simple and easy installation
- 2\* 3.6V ER14505 lithium batteries in parallel
- IP65
- Compatible with LoRaWAN<sup>TM</sup> Class A
- Frequency hopping spread spectrum
- Applicable to third-party platforms: Actility/ThingPark, TTN, MyDevices/Cayenne
- Low power consumption and long battery life

#### Note:

Please visit <u>http://www.netvox.com.tw/electric/electric\_calc.html</u> for more information about battery life.

## **4. Setup Instructions**

### On / Off

Power on	Insert batteries. (Users may need a screwdriver to open the battery cover. )					
Turn on	Press and hold the function key for 3 seconds until the green indicator flashes once.					
Turn off / Factory Reset	Press and hold the function key for 5 seconds until the green indicator flashes 20 times.					
Power off	Remove Batteries.					
	1. Remove and insert the battery, the device is off by default.					
	2. On/off interval should be about 10 seconds to avoid the interference of capacitor					
NI-4-	inductance and other energy storage components.					
Note	3. 5 seconds after power on, the device will be in engineering test mode.					
	4. The device will be in engineering test mode if a function key is pressed, and the batteries					
	are installed at the same time.					

## **Network Joining**

Never joined the network	Turn on the device to search the network to join.
	The green indicator stays on for 5 seconds: Success
	The green indicator remains off: Fail
Had joined the network (not at factory setting)	Turn on the device to search the previous network to join.
	The green indicator stays on for 5 seconds: Success
	The green indicator remains off: Fail

## **Function Key**

Press and hold for 5 seconds	<u>Factory Reset / Turn off</u> The green indicator flashes for 20 times: Success The green indicator remains off: Fail
Press once	The device is <u>in</u> the network: the green indicator flashes once and sends a report The device is <u>not in</u> the network: the green indicator remains off

## Sleep Mode

## Low Voltage Alarm

Low Voltage 3.2V	
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## 5. Data Report

The device will immediately send a version packet report along with an uplink packet including temperature, humidity, and battery voltage.

The device sends data in the default configuration before any configuration is done.

#### **Default setting:**

- Max Interval: 0x0384 (900s)
- Min Interval: 0x0384 (900s)
- Battery Change: 0x01 (0.1V)
- Temperature Change:0x0064 (1°C)
- Humidity Change:0x0064 (1%)

#### Note:

- a. The device report interval will be programmed based on the default firmware which may vary.
- b. The interval between two reports must be the minimum time.
- c. Please visit Netvox LoRaWAN Application Command document and Netvox Lora Command Resolver

http://cmddoc.netvoxcloud.com/cmddoc to resolve uplink data.

Data report configuration and sending period are as follows:

Min Interval	Max Interval	Reportable Change	Current Change ≥	Current Change <
(Unit: second)	(Unit: second)		Reportable Change	Reportable Change
Any number between	Any number between	Cannot be 0	Report	Report
1–65535	1–65535		per Min Interval	per Max Interval

## 5.1 Example of ReportDataCmd

#### FPort: 0x06

Bytes	1	1	1	Var (Fix = 8 Bytes)		
	Version	DeviceType	ReportType	NetvoxPayLoadData		

**Version**–1 Byte – 0x01——the Version of NetvoxLoRaWAN Application Command Version

**DeviceType**– 1 Byte – Device Type of Device

The devicetype is listed in Netvox LoRaWAN Application Devicetype doc

**ReportType** – 1 Byte – the presentation of the NetvoxPayLoadData, according to the devicetype

**NetvoxPayLoadData**– Fixed bytes (Fixed = 8 Bytes)

#### Tips

#### 1. Battery Voltage

The voltage value is bit  $0 \sim$  bit 6, bit 7=0 is normal voltage, and bit 7=1 is low voltage.

Battery=0xA0, binary=1010 0000, if bit 7= 1, it means low voltage.

The actual voltage is  $0010\ 0000 = 0x20 = 32$ , 32\*0.1v = 3.2v

#### 2. Version Packet

When Report Type=0x00 is the version packet, such as 0113000A0B202005200000, the firmware version is 2020.05.20

#### 3. Data Packet

When Report Type=0x01 is data packet.

#### 4. Signed Value

When the temperature is negative, 2's complement should be calculated.

Device	Device Type	Report Type	NetvoxPayLoadData						
R7184B	0x13	0x00	SoftwareVersion (1 Byte) e.g. 0x0A—V1.0	HardwareVersion (1 Byte)	DateCode (4 Bytes, e.g. 0x20170503)	Reserved (2 Bytes,fixed 0x00)			
K/I8AB	0.115	0x01	Battery (1 Byte, unit: 0.1V)	Temperature (Signed 2 Bytes, unit: 0.01°C)	Humidity (2 Bytes, unit: 0.01%)	Reserved (3 Bytes, fixed 0x00)			

#### Example 1 of Uplink: 010B012406701A9E000000

1<sup>st</sup> byte (01): Version

 $2^{nd}$  byte (13): DeviceType 0x13 - R718AB

3<sup>rd</sup> byte (01): ReportType

 $4^{\text{th}}$  byte (24): Battery - 3.6V, 24(Hex) = 36(Dec), 36x0.1v=3.6v

 $5^{\text{th}} 6^{\text{th}}$  byte (0670): Temperature - 16.48 °C, 0670(Hex)=1648(Dec), 1648x0.01=16.48 °C

 $7^{\text{th}} 8^{\text{th}}$  byte (1A9E): Humidity - 68.14%, 1A9E(Hex)=6814(Dec), 6814x0.01=68.14%

9<sup>th</sup> -11<sup>th</sup> byte (000000): Reserved

## **5.2 Example of Report Configuration**

#### FPort: 0x07

Bytes	1	1	Var (Fix = 9 Bytes)				
	CmdID	DeviceType	NetvoxPayLoadData				

**CmdID** – 1 byte

**DeviceType**-1 byte – Device Type of Device

**NetvoxPayLoadData**- var bytes (Max = 9bytes)

Description	Device	Cmd ID	Device Type	NetvoxPayLoadData						
ConfigReport Req		0x01		MinTime (2Bytes, unit: s)	MaxTime (2Bytes, unit:s)	BatteryChange (1 Byte, unit: 0.1v)		Temperature Change (2 Bytes, unit: 0.01°C)	Humidity Change (2 Bytes, unit: 0.01%)	
ConfigReport Rsp	R7184B	0x81	0x13	(0x	Status (0x00_success)			Reserved (8 Bytes, fixed 0x00)		
ReadConfig ReportReq	R/10AD	0x02			(9	Reserved 9 Bytes, Fixed 0x00)				
ReadConfig ReportRsp		0x82		MinTime (2Bytes, unit: s)	MaxTime (2Bytes, unit: s) un		Change Byte, 0.1v)	Temperature Change (2 Bytes, unit: 0.01°C)	Humidity Change (2 Bytes, unit: 0.01)	

(1) Command Configuration

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{MinTime} = 0 \times 003 \text{C} \ (1 \text{min}), \ \text{MaxTime} = 0 \times 003 \text{C} \ (1 \text{min}), \ \text{BatteryChange} = 0 \times 01 \ (0.1 \text{v}), \ \text{TemperatureChange} = 0 \times 0064 \ (1^{\circ}\text{C}), \\ \text{HumidityChange} = 0 \times 0064 \ (1^{\circ}\text{M}) \end{array}$ 

Downlink: 0113003C003C0100640064 003C (Hex) = 60 (Dec), 64(Hex) = 100 (Dec)

8113010000000000000000000 (Configuration failure)

(2) Read Configuration

Response: 8213003C003C0100640064 (Current configuration)

## 5.3 Example of GlobalCalibrateCmd

#### FPort: 0x0E

Description	CmdID	Sensor Type		PayLoad (Fix = 9 Bytes)							
SetGlobal CalibrateReq	0x01		Channel (1 Byte) 0_Channel1 1_Channel2, etc.	Multiplier (2 Bytes, unsigned)	r )	Divisor (2 Bytes, unsigned)		DeltValue (2 Bytes, ( signed)		Reserved (2 Bytes, fixed 0x00)	
SetGlobal CalibrateRsp	0x81	See	Channel (1 Byte) 0_Channel1 1_Channel2, etc.		(1 Byte	Status (1 Byte, 0x00_success)			Reserved (7 Bytes, fixed 0x00)		
GetGlobal CalibrateReq	0x02	below	Channel (1 Byte) 0_Channel1 1_Channel2, etc.			Reserved (8 Bytes, fixed 0x00)					
GetGlobal CalibrateRsp	0x82		Channel (1 Byte) 0_Channel1 1_Channel2, etc.	Channel (1 Byte) 0_Channel1 Channel2, etc. Multiplier (2 Bytes, unsigned)		Divisor I (2 Bytes, ( unsigned)		D (2 5	eltValue 2 Bytes, signed)	Reserved (2 Bytes, fixed 0x00)	
ClearGlobal CalibrateReq	0x03		Reserved (10 Bytes, fixed 0x00)								
ClearGlobal CalibrateRsp	0x83		StatusReserved(1 Byte, 0x00_success)(9 Bytes, fixed 0x00)						00)		

SensorType: 0x01\_Temperature Sensor;

0x02\_Humidity Sensor

Channel: 0x00\_Temperature;

0x01\_Humidity

(1) Device reports 28.15°C when the actual temperature is 38.15°C.  $\rightarrow$  Calibration should increase 10°C (unit: 0.01°C).

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#### SetGlobalCalibrateReq:

SensorType = 0x01; Channel = 0x00; Multiplier =0x0001; Divisor = 0x0001; DeltValue = 0x03E8

#### Downlink: 0101000001000103E80000

#### 

GetGlobalCalibrateReq

Downlink: 02010000000000000000000

Response: 8201000001000103E80000

(2) Device reports 28.15°C when the actual temperature is 18.15°C.  $\rightarrow$  Calibration should decrease 10°C (unit: 0.01°C).

SetGlobalCalibrateReq: SensorType = 0x01; Channel = 0x00; Multiplier =0x0001; Divisor = 0x0001; DeltValue = 0xFC18 Downlink: 01010000010001FC180000 Response: 8101000000000000000

GetGlobalCalibrateReq Downlink: 020100000000000000000 Response: 82010000010001FC180000

(2) Reported temperature back to 28.15°C

## 5.4 Example of Set/GetSensorAlarmThresholdCmd

#### FPort: 0x10

CmdDescriptor	CmdID (1 Byte)	Payload (10 Bytes)						
SetSensorAlarm ThresholdReq	0x01	Channel (1 Byte, 0x00_Channel1, 0x01_Chanel2, 0x02_Channel3, etc.)	SensorType (1 Byte, 0x00_Disable ALL SensorthresholdSet 0x01_Temperature, 0x02_Humidity,		SensorHighThreshold (4 Bytes, unit: 0.01°C_temperature; 0.01%_humidity		SensorLowThreshold (4 Bytes, unit: 0.01°C_temperature; 0.01%_humidity	
SetSensorAlarm ThresholdRsp	0x81	Status (0x00_success)			Reserved (9 Bytes, fixed 0x00)			
GetSensorAlarm ThresholdReq	0x02	Channel (1 Byte, 0x00_Channel1, 0x01_Chanel2, 0x02_Channel3, etc	c.) SensorTyp 0x00_Dis Sensorthr 0x01_Ten 0x02_H		pe (1 Byte, sable ALL resholdSet nperature, fumidity,	(8	Reserved (8 Bytes, fixed 0x00)	
GetSensorAlarm ThresholdRsp	0x82	Channel (1 Byte, 0x00_Channel1, 0x01_Chanel2, 0x02_Channel3, etc.)	SensorType (1 Byte, 0x00_Disable ALL SensorthresholdSet 0x01_Temperature, 0x02_Humidity,		rType (1 Byte, _Disable ALL orthresholdSet _Temperature, 2_Humidity, SensorHighThre (4 Bytes, uni 0.01°C_tempera 0.01%_humid		SensorLowThreshold (4 Bytes, unit: 0.01°C_temperature; 0.01%_humidity	

SensorHighThreshold = 0x00000BB8 (30°C); SensorLowThreshold = 0x000007D0 (20°C)

(1) SetSensorAlarmThresholdReq:

Downlink: 01000100000BB8000007D0 Response: 81000000000000000000000000

#### ClearSensorAlarmThresholdReq:

## 

#### Response: 810000000000000000000000

Note:

a. Set SensorHighThreshold or SensorLowThreshold as 0xFFFFFFFF to disable the threshold.b. The last configuration will be kept if the device is factory reset.

## 5.5 Example of NetvoxLoRaWANRejoin

(NetvoxLoRaWANRejoin command is to check if the device is still in the network. If the device is disconnected, it will automatically rejoin back to the network.) Fport: 0x20

CmdDescriptor	CmdID (1 Byte)	Payload (5 Bytes)			
		RejoinCheckPeriod			
SatNatuani a DaWA ND aiain Dag	001	(4 Bytes, unit: 1s	RejoinThreshold		
SeineivoxLokawAnkejoinkeq	0X01	0XFFFFFFF Disable	(1 Byte)		
		NetvoxLoRaWANRejoinFunction)			
SetNetwoyLoPaWANDeioinDan	0x81	Status	Reserved		
SettetvoxLora wAivRejohirtsp		(1 Byte, 0x00_success)	(4 Bytes, fixed 0x00)		
GetNetwoyI oPoWAND eiginDeg	0x02	Reserved			
GenvervoxLoRawAlvRejolilReq		(5 Bytes, fixed 0x00)			
GetNetwoyl oRaWANReiginPan	0x82	RejoinCheckPeriod	RejoinThreshold		
GenvervoxLora wAhrejoniksp		(4 Bytes, unit:1s)	(1 Byte)		

#### (1) Configure parameters

RejoinCheckPeriod = 0x00000E10 (60 min); RejoinThreshold = 0x03 (3 times)

Downlink: 0100000E1003

Response: 81000000000 (configuration succeed)

810100000000 (configuration fail)

(2) Read configuration

Downlink: 02000000000

Response: 8200000E1003

Note: a. Set RejoinCheckThreshold as 0xFFFFFFF to stop the device from rejoining the network.

b. The last configuration would be kept as user reset the device back to the factory setting.

c. Default setting: RejoinCheckPeriod = 2 (hr) and RejoinThreshold = 3 (times)

#### **5.6 Example for MinTime/MaxTime logic**

Example#1 based on MinTime = 1 Hour, MaxTime= 1 Hour, Reportable Change i.e. BatteryVoltageChange=0.1V



Note: MaxTime = MinTime. Data will only be reported according to MaxTime (MinTime) duration regardless BatteryVoltageChange value.

Example#2 based on MinTime = 15 Minutes, MaxTime= 1 Hour, Reportable Change i.e. BatteryVoltageChange= 0.1V.





Wakes up and collects data 3.5V  3.5-3.6 =0.1	Users push the button, MaxTime REPORTS 3.5V.
REPORTS 3.5V	Recalculate MaxTime. Wakes up and collects data
sleeping sleeping	3.5V Does not report

-	$\uparrow$		$\uparrow$		$\uparrow$	$\uparrow$	$\uparrow$	$\uparrow$
0H	$15^{\text{th}}\text{M}$	$30^{\text{th}}M$	$45^{th}M$	1H 1H 10 <sup>th</sup> M	1H 25 <sup>th</sup> M	$1 \mathrm{H} \ 40^{\mathrm{th}} \mathrm{M}$	1H 55 <sup>th</sup> M	$2H \ 10^{th}M$
Wakes up and	Wakes up and		Wakes up and	Wakes up and	Wakes up and		Wakes up and	Wakes up and
collects data	collects data		collects data	collects data	collects data		collects data	collects data
REPORTS 3.6V	3.6V		3.5V	3.5V	3.5V		3.5V	REPORTS 3.5V
	Does not report		Does not report	Does not report	Does not report		Does not report	

#### Notes:

- (1) The device only wakes up and performs data sampling according to MinTime Interval. When it is sleeping, it does not collect data.
- (2) The data collected is compared with the last data <u>reported</u>. If the data variation is greater than the ReportableChange value, the device reports according to MinTime interval. If the data variation is not greater than the last data reported, the device reports according to MaxTime interval.
- (3) We do not recommend to set the MinTime Interval value too low. If the MinTime Interval is too low, the device wakes up frequently and the battery will be drained soon.
- (4) Whenever the device sends a report, no matter resulting from data variation, button pushed or MaxTime interval, another cycle of MinTime/MaxTime calculation is started.

## 6. Installation

The waterproof breathable membrane inside the product is not resistant to vapor.

To prevent water vapor from condensing inside the body, please do not use the product in high humidity and steam environment.

- The Wireless Temperature and Humidity Sensor (R718AB) 1. has a built-in magnet. When installed, it can be attached to the surface of an object with iron which is convenient and quick. To make the installation more secure, use screws (purchased) to secure the unit to a wall or other surface.
- Note: Do not install the device in a metal shielded box or in an environment with other electrical equipment around it to avoid affecting the wireless transmission of the device.





Screw hole diameter: Ø4mm

2. Compared to the last reported values, when the temperature change is exceeded 1°C (default) or the humidity change is exceeded 1%(default), it reports current values.

- 3. Recommended installation height :1 to 2 m
- 4. Installation ambient temperature:  $-40C^{\circ}$  to  $55^{\circ}C$
- 5. Recommended installation direction:

Place the temperature and humidity downward and face the logo toward user.

#### **Applications:**

- Restaurant (refrigerator or freezer)
- Shopping mall supermarket (freezer)
- Engine room ullet
- Environmental monitoring •
- Smart city and intelligent building ullet
- Storage and transportation of food and medicine ullet
- Flowers and other perishable foods  $\bullet$
- Wall or logistics refrigerator



### **Battery Installation**

#### Step 1.

Unscrew the four corners of the device with a screwdriver.



#### Step 2.

Put the 2 AA 3.6V ER14505 batteries into the case.



#### Step 3.

After inserting the batteries, put the lid back and tighten the four screws.



#### Note:

- a. Please do not disassemble the device unless it is required to replace the batteries.
- b. Do not touch the waterproof gasket, LED indicator light, or function keys when replacing the batteries.
- c. Please use a suitable screwdriver to tighten the screws (if using an electric screwdriver, it is recommended to set the torque as
- 4kgf) to ensure the device is impermeable.

## 7. Information about Battery Passivation

Many of Netvox devices are powered by 3.6V ER14505 Li-SOC12 (lithium-thionyl chloride) batteries that offer many advantages including low self-discharge rate and high energy density. However, primary lithium batteries like Li-SOC12 batteries will form a passivation layer as a reaction between the lithium anode and thionyl chloride if they are in storage for a long time or if the storage temperature is too high. This lithium chloride layer prevents rapid self-discharge caused by continuous reaction between lithium and thionyl chloride, but battery passivation may also lead to voltage delay when the batteries are put into operation, and our devices may not work correctly in this situation.

As a result, please make sure to source batteries from reliable vendors, and <u>it is suggested that if the storage period is more than one</u> <u>month from the date of battery production, all the batteries should be activated.</u> If encountering the situation of battery passivation, users can activate the battery to eliminate the battery hysteresis.

#### **ER14505 Battery Passivation:**

A. To determine whether a battery requires activation

Connect a new ER14505 battery to a resistor in parallel and check the voltage of the circuit.

If the voltage is below 3.3V, it means the battery requires activation.

- B. How to activate the battery
  - a. Connect a battery to a resistor in parallel
  - b. Keep the connection for 5~8 minutes
  - c. The voltage of the circuit should be  $\geq$  3.3, indicating successful activation.

Brand	Load Resistance	Activation Time	Activation Current
NHTONE	165 Ω	5 minutes	20mA
RAMWAY	67 Ω	8 minutes	50mA
EVE	67 Ω	8 minutes	50mA
SAFT	67 Ω	8 minutes	50mA

Note: If you buy batteries from other than the above four manufacturers, then the battery activation time, activation current, and required load resistance shall be mainly subject to the announcement of each manufacturer.

## 8. Important Maintenance Instructions

Kindly pay attention to the following to achieve the best maintenance of the product:

- Do not use or store the device in a dusty or dirty environment. It might damage its detachable parts and electronic components.
- Do not store the device under extremely hot conditions. High temperatures can shorten the life of electronic devices, destroy batteries, and deform or melt some plastic parts.
- Do not store the device in places that are too cold. Otherwise, when the temperature rises, moisture that forms inside the device will damage the board.
- Do not throw, knock, or shake the device. Rough handling of equipment can destroy internal circuit boards and delicate structures.
- Do not clean the device with strong chemicals, detergents, or strong detergents.
- Do not apply the device with paint. Smudges might block the device and affect the operation.
- Do not throw the battery into the fire, or the battery will explode. Damaged batteries may also explode.

All of the above applies to your device, battery, and accessories. If any device is not operating properly, please take it to the nearest authorized service facility for repair.